א ביסל תורה!

The Maimonides School Parsha Newsletter

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A Return From a Physical and Spiritual Exile

By Aaron Banks Sr.

In this week's ה', פרשת בא, פרשת מצוות as they were about to leave Egypt and go through the desert. The three מצוות are ברית מילה, פסח ask why ה' gave us these three משגיח, namely Rav Yeruchom Levovitz, the esteemed משגיח of the Mir Yeshiva.

Rav Yerucham Levovitz asks the question, why did ה need to give us these מצוות in Egypt? If He was going to take us out anyway, why not just give us the מצוות in the desert?

This is far deeper than it may seem on the surface. Not only were these מצוות given in order to rescue us and bring us back to ה, but they also all symbolize beginnings. A ברית מילה is the beginning of someone's life, the קרבן פסח was the beginning of a united Jewish nation, and דאש חודש is the beginning of a month. The fact that these all symbolize beginnings shows us how at this stage in the history of the Jewish people, the Jews have a clean state. ה gave these מצוות in order to bring the Jews back to Him, and they're creating a beginning for a new nation, a new wave of people with pure hearts and morals.

I want us to all be זוכה to remember that we are different from the rest of the nations of the world in our own special way, and that ה chose us, as we say every Friday night in כי בנו בחרת ואותנו קדשת מכל, קידוש.

The meaning behind תשך

By Binyamin Orkaby

In this weeks מכה, אב, אָב, אָם are told the story of מכות 8, 9 and 10. The 8th מכה is that of ארבע , a swarm of locusts which "וַיְבֶּס אֶת־עֵין כָּל־הָאָבֶיץ וַתְּחְשַׁךּ הָאָבֶיץ וֹתָחְשַׁךּ הָאָביץ ("covered the entire land and the land became dark with locusts."(ממות י:ט"ו) Following the מכה of locusts is the 9th חשך, מרה darkness. However, what is so special about this darkness? It is dark every night, so what made this darkness any different than the regular cycle of night and day?

י"ע" gives a rather simple explanation, as he usually does. He says that the אמר, darkness, wasn't a regular darkness, rather it was more than the usual nighttime darkness. י"ע"ס says that it was a blacker and darker than during a regular night. The ספורנו explains similarly that the darkness was different then the regular darkness of nighttime. He explains that at night one can light a candle and they would be able to see the people around them. However, the darkness of מבת חשך, was a total darkness which no light could penetrate. As it says "יְלָא־רָאוֹנְאַלִישׁ אֶת־אָאוֹנִי "each person was not able to see the other". The מדרש אגדה says that the darkness was so thick that when it began people who were standing could not sit, and people sitting could not stand.

Though there was "הְשֶׁרְ עֵל־אֲרֶץ מִצְרֵים darkness on all of בני ישראל, מצרים had light "לְכָל־בָּגֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל" brings down that the light that בני ישראל "all of בני ישראל had light in their dwellings." The מעם לועז brings down that the light that בני ישראל had was brighter than regular light, and that they had light even at night.

The מעם לועז also explains that מכת חושך showed that 'ה was greater than the Egyptian god of the sun. By causing there to be complete darkness, 'ה showed the Egyptians that their god, the sun, had no strength to do anything.

This מכה אוש shows the all encompassing strength of 'ה. 'ה showed that he has control over everything in this world even beyond things that can be touched. 'ה changed the very fundamentals of light and dark. This was a message to the Egyptians that 'ה is all powerful, but is also a message to us. 'ה with the מכה of חשך, along with all the other מכות, shows us that He has the power to do anything, and that He cares for בני ישראל, His chosen nation. By understanding that 'ה is all powerful and that He cares about us, בני ישראל, we can, hopefully, realize that with 'ה's help there is nothing we can't do.

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